

## REMARKS

Claim 1 and dependent claim 2 stand rejected as being anticipated by Raines. Applicant has presently amended base claim 1 to recite that the dispensing means for the additive is entirely within the confines of the housing which is not the case of Raines' medical device wherein the same is appended to his housing 1. With applicant's dispensing means being within his housing the same makes for a unitary, compact assembly for both manufacturing and shipping purposes.

Dependent claims 3-5 stand rejected on Raines as modified by Dzwonkiewicz. This rejection is traversed in light of the present amendment to base claim 1 as discussed hereinabove wherein the dispensing means is now recited as being within the confines of the housing. While the Dzwonkiewicz reference does show the controls noted by the Examiner, it fails to show the dispensing means confined in the housing as now specified in base claim 1. It is also submitted that this limitation is not suggested by either Raines or Dzwonkiewicz.

Claim 17 and dependent claims 18 and 19 stand rejected on Han as modified by Wilk. The pertinency of the Han reference is appreciated, and while the Wilk reference discloses the use of a soap/scented additive it is submitted that neither Han or Wilk disclose or contemplate applicant's manner of adding the same into the pressurized fluid of his housing. The structure of Wilk is not like the structure of Han or the present application as it does not contemplate a control housing of either. Wilk merely suggests adding soap into a balloon

situated on a toilet seat either by adding a soap reservoir or pump into or onto the balloon.

His only control is the inlet valve (60, 84 and 132) with the fluid pressure being controlled by the person sitting on the balloon.

Further to the incompatibility of the two references, it is submitted that the only suggestion for adding soap to the housing of Han is that of the present invention and the rejection should be withdrawn.

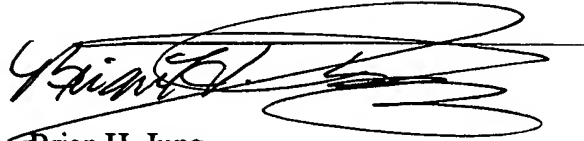
Dependent claims 18 and 19 are considered patentable for the same reasons advanced relative to claim 17 and for the added reason that each add an additional limitation to claim 17.

Claims 15 and 20 (claim 16 being presently canceled) stand rejected on Han as modified by Wilk and Plyant. Claim 15 has been extensively amended and now specifies that the housing is made of a plurality of parts with each part fulfilling an important function for controlling the discharge of fluid therefrom. Neither Han nor Wilk disclose such a multi-part housing as specified in the claims. While the Plyant reference teaches a two-part housing which can be made from plastic, it is respectfully pointed out that there is no reservoir formed in his housing. His unit houses piping conducting fluid to an outlet. As neither of the references suggest the multi-part housing and the specific function of each it is submitted that this rejection be withdrawn.

New claims 21-33 inclusive are being presented to afford applicant additional protection relative to his invention. No new matter is being presented and the claims are considered patentable over the prior art for the reasons disclosed hereinabove.

In view of the above it is submitted that the application is presently in condition for allowance and the same is earnestly requested.

Respectfully submitted,



Brian H. Jung